

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Pro-BW® Plus Resin All Colours

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier Trade name Pro-BW® Plus Resin All Colours Product no. BWPR10\*\*V1 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture Polyurethane coating Restricted to professional users. Use descriptors (UK REACH)

Sectors of use	Description
LCS "IS"	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
SU 19	Building and construction work
LCS "PW"	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Product category	Description
PC 1	Adhesives, Sealants
PC 9a	Coatings and Paints, Fillers, Putties, Thinners
Process category	Description
PROC 10	Roller application or brushing
Environmental release category	Description
ERC 5	Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

### EuPCS

PC-CON-5 / Construction chemicals

Uses advised against

Polyurethane coating Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers) Industrial spraying

Non industrial spraying 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

# Company and address

# Proteus Waterproofing Ltd

21a Sirdar Road, Brook Road Industrial Estate SS6 7XF Rayleigh, Essex England +44 (0) 1268 777871 Office Mon-Fri 08:30-17:00 outside of these hours call emergency numbers www.proteuswaterproofing.co.uk E-mail enquiries@proteuswaterproofing.co.uk Revision

### 05/09/2024

SDS Version

1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

### In emergency call NCEC +44 (0) 1865 407 333

Healthcare professionals: Dial 0344 892 0111 to reach The National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (24 hour service) General public:

England - Dial 111 to reach NHS 111 (24 hour service)



Scotland - Dial 112 to reach NHS 24 (24 hour service) Wales - Dial 111 or 0845 4647 to reach NHS Direct (24 hour service) See section 4 "First aid measures".

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226, Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation. Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation. Repr. 2; H361d, Suspected of damaging the unborn child. STOT RE 1; H372, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapour. (H226) Causes skin irritation. (H315) Causes serious eye irritation. (H319) Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (H361d) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (H372)

# Precautionary statement(s)

General

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. (P202)

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. (P210)

Keep container tightly closed. (P233)

Take action to prevent static discharges. (P243)

Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. (P264)

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. (P270)

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. (P280)

### Response

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. (P314)

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. (P302+P352)

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. (P303+P361+P353) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313)

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. (P332+P313)

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313)

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. (P362+P364)

In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam/powder/water mist to extinguish. (P370+P378)

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235)

Store locked up. (P405)

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation

### (P501) Hazardous substances

### azardous su stvrene

styrene Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

Naptha petroleum isoparaffin hydrotreated

# Additional labelling

EUH208, Contains Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt. May produce an allergic reaction.

# 2.3. Other hazards



### Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification. This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
styrene	CAS No.: 100-42-5 EC No.: 202-851-5 UK-REACH: Index No.: 601-026-00-0	15-25%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361d STOT RE 1, H372	
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	CAS No.: 688-84-6 EC No.: 211-708-6 UK-REACH: Index No.:	5-10%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (SCL: 10.00 %)	
4-(vinyloxy)butan-1-ol	CAS No.: 17832-28-9 EC No.: 241-793-5 UK-REACH: Index No.:	1-3%	EUH019 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	CAS No.: 64742-49-0 EC No.: 265-151-9 UK-REACH: Index No.: 649-328-00-1	<0.25%	EUH066 EUH401 Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS No.: 27253-31-2 EC No.: 248-373-0 UK-REACH: Index No.:	<0.25%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
Naptha petroleum isoparaffin hydrotreated	CAS No.: 64742-48-9 EC No.: 919-857-5 UK-REACH: Index No.:	<0.1%	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

# Other information

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

### Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.



### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

### Eye contact

If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

# Ingestion

If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

# Burns

Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Sensitisation: This product contains substances, which may trigger allergic reaction upon dermal contact. Manifestation of allergic reactions typically takes place within 12-72 hours after exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

For acute or short term repeated exposures to styrene:

INHALATION:

Severe exposures should have cardiac monitoring to detect arrhythmia. Catecholamines, especially epinephrine (adrenaline) should be used cautiously (if at all). Aminophylline and inhaled beta-two selective bronchodilators (e.g. salbutamol) are the drugs of choice for treatment of bronchospasm.

INGESTION:

Ipecac syrup should be given for ingestions exceeding 3ml (styrene)/kg. For patients at risk of aspiration because of obtundation, intubation should precede lavage. Pneumonitis is a significant risk. Watch the patient closely in an upright (alert patient) or left lateral head-down position (obtunded patient) to reduce aspiration potential. [Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology].

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

# Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### Flammable liquid and vapour.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice. Hazchem Code: •3Y

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances. Contaminated areas may be slippery.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Limit spillage and collect using granular absorbent or similar materials, and dispose of it in accordance with the regulations on dangerous waste.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof [electrical/lighting/ventilating] equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

# Recommended storage material

Keep only in original packaging.

## Storage conditions

For optimum performance, store at temperature between 10°c and 35°c.

### Incompatible materials Do not store with chemicals, solvents or organic compounds.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### styrene

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 100 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 430 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 250 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 1080

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

### DNEL

2-ethylhexyl methacrylate

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4-(vinyloxy)butan-1-ol		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	2.1 mg/kg bw/day



Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	7.35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	13964 mg/kg bw/d
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	13964 mg/kg bw/d
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	837.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	5306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	2085 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	5306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m³
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Naptha petroleum isoparaffin hydrotreated		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	77 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	837.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	871 mg/m³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	273.2 μg/m³
styrene		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	406 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
-		<u> </u>
EC 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate		
Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater	· · ·	3.48 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		2.24 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		21.8 µg/L
Marine water		348 ng/L
Marine water sediment		224 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		10 mg/L
Soil		446 µg/kg
		C C 1
4-(vinyloxy)butan-1-ol		
Poute of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	DNIEC

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		32.8 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		133 µg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		328 µg/L
Intermittent release (marine water)		32.8 µg/L



### According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended by SI 2019/758 and SI 2020/1577

Marine water	3.28 µg/L
Marine water sediment	13.3 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/L
Soil	7.4 µg/kg

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		1.06 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		53.8 mg/kg
Marine water		2.36 µg/L
Marine water sediment		69.8 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		370 µg/L
Soil		10.9 mg/kg

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Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		28-40 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		418-614 µg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		40 µg/L
Marine water		14-40 µg/L
Marine water sediment		307-418 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		5 mg/L
Soil		146-200 µg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

stvrene

Apply general control to prevent unnecessary exposure

# General recommendations

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

### Exposure scenarios

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

### **Exposure limits**

Occupational exposure limits have not been defined for the substances in this product.

### Appropriate technical measures

Do not recirculate outlet air that contain the substances.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

### Hygiene measures

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

### Measures to avoid environmental exposure

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

### Generally

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

# Respiratory Equipment

Work situation	Туре	Class	Colour	Standards	
Suitable respiratory protection advice for the correct personal selection can be obtained from EN529:2005	Ensure adequate ventilation, use suitable respiratory protection in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas.	Organic filter type A 8 particulate filter (EN140)	k		8

Respiratory protection is only required in the likelihood that relevant exposure limits may be approached or exceeded, e.g. application in enclosed spaces with restricted air exchange. Concentrations of potentially hazardous substances in air will remain low during normal outdoor application and will not pose a risk to the applicator.

Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content. Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used.



Sk	n protection				
	Work situation	Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
	NOT allow contaminated items to	Contaminated garments should be removed promptly and should not be reused until they have been decontaminated, DO NOT allow garments to be decontaminated/cleaned in household laundry			R
	NOT allow	Wear long sleeve jackets and long trousers, do not allow clothing wet with chemical to stay in contact with skin.			R

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Hand protection

Work situation	Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Consider the following when selecting work gloves, material, compatibility, degradation, failure time, permeability. The gloves resistance to chemicals should be checked prior to use, wear time depends on duration and type of use.	Protect hands with Cat III work gloves (see standard EN374, UKCA marked to show it conforms to applicable standards). Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Recommendation is protective index 6, breakthough time >480 minutes.				

Protection of hands: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

# Eye protection

Work situation	Туре	Standards	
Ensure goggles are a suitably tight fit	Safety Goggles	EN166:2001	

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Liquid

Colour

Various colours

Odour / Odour threshold

No Data Available (Odour treshold: 25 ppm)

pH

No data available

Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

-

Relative density

1.33
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Kinematic viscosity 3600 mPa.s Particle characteristics Not applicable - product is a liquid Phase changes Melting point/Freezing point (°C) Not applicable - product is a liquid Softening point/range (°C) Does not apply to liquids. Boiling point (°C) 145 Vapour pressure 0.67 kPa Relative vapour density 3.6 Decomposition temperature (°C) No data available Data on fire and explosion hazards Flash point (°C) 32 Flammability (°C) The material is ignitable. Auto-ignition temperature (°C) 490 Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v) 1.1 - 6.1 Solubility Solubility in water Immiscible n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow) No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product. Solubility in fat (g/L) No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product. 9.2. Other information Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100) No data available **Oxidizing properties** No data available Other physical and chemical parameters Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible. SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity No data available.
10.2. Chemical stability The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid static electricity.
10.5. Incompatible materials Do not store with chemicals, solvents or organic compounds.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as retained and amended in UK law Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, open cuts, abrasions, lesioned, or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material, it may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

# Serious eye damage/irritation

### Causes serious eye irritation.

There is ample evidence that material may produce eye irritation in some persons and produce eye damage 24 hours or more after instillation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain. The liquid produces a high level of eye discomfort and is capable of causing pain and severe conjunctivitis. Corneal injury may develop, with possible permanent impairment of vision, if not promptly and adequately treated.

# Respiratory sensitisation

Asthma like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a nonallergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with a sudden onset of persistent asthma like sysmptoms within minutes or hours of a documented exposure to the irritant.

### Skin sensitisation

This product contains substances that may trigger an allergic reaction in already sensitized persons.

The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Long term effects

Reproductive toxicity: This product contains teratogenic substances, which may produce anomalies and/or developmental defects to the human offspring. Adverse effects include: death, growth retardation, congenital disorders, delayed mental development, and functional disorders.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

# Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health. Other information

styrene has been classified by IARC as a group 2A carcinogen.

Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include general discomfort, symptons of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction times, slurred speach and may progress to unconsciouness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the



### environment. 12.7. Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste. (\*) HP 3 - Flammable HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage) HP 5 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity HP 6 - Acute toxicity HP 10 - Toxic for reproduction Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law. A hierarchy of control may exist, users should investigate disposal options, containers that have been sufficiently cleaned of product should be recycled where possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard leve of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. It is the responsibility of the waste

product should be recycled where possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. It is the responsibility of the waste producer to assign the appropriate code to the waste by sector and process type, for disposal within EU & GB, the relevant waste code should be identified from the European Waste Catalogue see

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/6152d0b78fa8f5610b9c222b/Waste\_classification\_technical\_guidance\_WM3.pdf

Liquid uncured product should be disposed of as special hazardous waste (EWC Identified with \* i.e. 12 34 56\*). Solid fully cured product should be disposed of as special non-hazardous waste (EWC Identified without \* i.e. 12 34 56). As a guide only, we have identified the most suitable code below for uncontaminated residual waste, it is upon the waste producer to satisfy themselves this is the most appropriate code.

Do not allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.

# EWC code

08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

08 01 12 Waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

# Specific labelling

### Contaminated packing

Containers may still present a chemical hazard/danger when empty. Where possible decontaminate empty containers and recycle. If container cannot be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residual product does not remain in it then crush container to prevent reuse.

### EWC code

08 01 11\*Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances08 01 12Waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

### SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 14.2 UN / ID UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
ADR	UN1263 PAINT	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1	III	No	Limited quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) See below for additional information.
IMDG	UN1263 PAINT	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1	III	No	Limited quantities: 5 L EmS: F-E S-E See below for additional information.
ΙΑΤΑ	UN1263 PAINT	Transport hazard class: 3	III	No	See below for



According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended by SI 2019/758 and SI 2020/1577

14.1 14.2 UN / ID UN proper sh	14.3 ipping name Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
	Label: 3 Classification code: F1			additional information.
* Packing group ** Environmental hazards				

### Additional information

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

Hazchem Code: •3Y

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

### Not applicable.

# 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# Restrictions for application

Restricted to professional users.

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

### Demands for specific education

No specific requirements.

# SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, Qualifying quantity (lower-tier): 5.000 tonnes / (upper-tier): 50.000 tonnes

# UK-REACH, Annex XVII

styrene is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

Naptha petroleum isoparaffin hydrotreated is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

# Additional information

Not applicable.

# Sources

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999.

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

# Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

EUH019, May form explosive peroxides.

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH401, To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

H224, Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.



H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H332, Harmful if inhaled.

H335, May cause respiratory irritation.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d, Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411, Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

LCS "IS" = Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 19 = Building and construction work

LCS "PW" = Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

PROC 10 = Roller application or brushing

PC 1 = Adhesives, Sealants

PC 9a = Coatings and Paints, Fillers, Putties, Thinners

ERC 5 = Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

# Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP = Global warming potential

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SCL = A specific concentration limit

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

The safety data sheet is validated by

Steven D'Silva Quality Manager

# Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle. The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

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